

63.84

SOUTH AFRICAN
NATIVE SEEDS,

LIBRARY
RECEIVED
★ SEP 10 1941 ★
U. S. Department of Agriculture

BULBS
AND
SUCCULENT PLANTS

Grown by
K. C. STANFORD,
Bloem Erf, Stellenbosch, South Africa.

1941.



Morea.

I wish to thank my customers in all parts of the world for their continued support. I trust they will carry on the growing of South African flowers in spite of war conditions.

Dutch bulbs will not be coming this season, and South African customers should make sure of a fine Spring display by trying S.A. natives.

Since my customers are growers in every corner of the world it is quite impossible to give instructions for growing in the catalogue, but these will always be sent on request. I should like once more to emphasise the fact that the bulbs are much hardier than most gardeners imagine. What they chiefly require is good drainage.

I specially recommend bulbs of my wonderful hybrids of *Morea villosa*. This year there are many new colours in them and they are quite the most beautiful of all our Spring flowering bulbs. Now I have them in quantity I have been able to reduce the price.

Those who are afraid of severe Winters should start with some of the brilliant annuals.

Price of bulbs : 5/- per doz. unless otherwise stated.

Seeds : 1/6 per packet unless marked *, or 40 cents and 50 cents respectively in U.S.A. coinage.

Bulbs sent January to March. Seeds all the year. Wholesale lists to nurserymen and florists on request. Kindly make payment in P.O. Money Orders.

Bulbous Plants.

Price of all bulbs is 5/- (five shillings) per dozen unless stated otherwise.

Special quotations per 100 and per 1,000.

Seeds all 1/6 per packet unless marked * when they are 2/-.

AGAPANTHUS.

Agapanthus unbellatus—The blue African Lily. Stems 4-5 ft. Heads of deep blue blooms.

Var. 1. Same, but flowers dead white.

*Var. 2. Flowers month later. 6 ft. stems. Flowers pale blue.

*Var. 3. Mountain variety, 1 ft. stems. Flowers very deep blue.

All these are evergreen.

ARISTEA.

These plants make no corms or tubers and mostly very little root-stock and resent disturbance; therefore, only seed will be supplied. The seed germinates easily and they soon become established if planted out in the seedling stage.

A. capitata—5 ft. sprays of deep blue flowers. When growing in masses on the hillsides it resembles clumps of delphiniums.

***A. cyanea**—Plants make neat tufts, which, in the Spring, are covered with intensely blue flowers. About 6 in. high.

A. dichotoma—Closely resembles *A. cyanea*, but flowers midsummer and later.

BABIANA.

Babiana stricta—Crocus-like flowers of very deep blue. Excellent for borders or the rock garden. 4/- per dozen, 25/- per 100.

***B. stricta rubro-cyanea**—Deep blue flowers with brilliant red centres. One of the showiest of the Cape flowers.

B. villosa—Flowers from deep red to pale lavender; a fine colour range. 3/6 per dozen.

B. plicata—Dwarf, very early flowering. Lavender flowers marked with primrose and purple. Sweet scented. 3/6 per dozen.

B. sulphurea—The biggest of the Babianas, 1 ft. spikes of large white flowers. 3/6 per dozen.

BRUNSVIGIA.

***Brunsvigia gigantea**—Flowers arranged as a candelabra, bright pink. When seeds are ripe flower stalks become detached and roll across the veld. 1/6 each.

Seeds 2/- per dozen.

CRINUM.

Crinum Mooreii—Heads of lovely bell-shaped flowers, white shaded pink. Bulbs 2/- each.

***Crinum longifolium**—Handsome species—leaves 4 ft. or more. Very large heads of lily-like flowers. White, striped deep red. Splendid for tubs or large pots. 9d. each.

C. Kirkii—Tall stems, big flowers. 1/3 each.

C. variable—Attractive blooms, sweetly scented. 1/3 each.

***CLIVIA miniata**—Heads of deep apricot-coloured flowers of 12 in.—15 in. stems. 6/- per dozen.

CYRTANTHUS.

Cyrtanthus Mackenii—White Ifafa Lily. Resembles a hyacinth, but flowers in a umbel. Sweet scented, blooms winter. 4/- per dozen.

C. O'Brienii—Similar to *C. Mackenii*, but flowers are a bright clear red.

***C. obliquus**—Very large pendulous red blooms, tipped green. 1/6 each.

***C. sanguineus**—Most beautiful of all. Flowers large, horizontal, cerise. 1/6 each.

C. hybrids—Mixed colours, good pink and red and cream.

FREESIA.

F. odorata—Tall stems, large white blooms marked orange. Very sweetly scented. 2/- per dozen.

Freesia species—Large lilac-coloured blooms, dwarf, early. 2/6 per dozen.

EUCOMUS.

**Eucomus undulata*—Arrangement of flowers resembles a pineapple. 6/- per dozen. Flowers green.

E. punctata—A more delicate spike with showy white flowers; very desirable for pots. 9d. each.

GLADIOLUS.

G. angustus—Very branched, of the "Painted Lady" type with long narrow perianth tube. Much easier to cultivate than most. Charming as a cut flower. Stems 1 ft.—18 in. Seed only.

G. alatus—Blooms large on short stems. Turkey red, banded with apple green. Sweet scented.

**G. cardinalis*—"The Superb Gladiolus," long sprays of large carmine-red flowers with white throat markings outlined in dark red. Likes moist, shady situation. Bulbs only.

G. formosus—Beautiful sprays of pink and white flowers. Very delicate. Early. Seed only.

G. brevifolius—Very dainty. Pink and blue. Flowers end of summer, leaves later. Charming pot plant.

**G. Namaquensis*—Very large edition of *G. alatus*, leaves wide with distinct red edge. Very rare. Bulbs 10/- per dozen.

G. psittacinus variety Hookeri—Height 5 ft., 14-20 large blooms on strong stems. Flowers brilliant scarlet with orange on lower lip. Flowers late autumn.

G. tristis—Height 1 ft., two or three large blooms on a stem; good creamy yellow marked brown on outside of segments. Flowers early spring.

**G. Watermeyerii*—Flowers very early spring, scented. Flowers large, resembling *G. alatus*. Cream, veined crimson. 7/6 per dozen.

GEISSORHIZA.

Geissorhiza hirta—Resembles a *Babiana*. Flowers in two shades of old rose.

G. hirta (variety)—Flowers very large, brilliant blood red. One of the most strikingly beautiful of the spring flowers.

G. sub-rigidula—Flowers large, good deep lavender.

G. splendidissima—Very beautiful true blue open flowers, blooms early. One of the best. 7/6 per dozen.

HAEMANTHUS.

Haemanthus coccineus—Very large blood-red flowers on thick spotted stems. Flowers end of summer, leaves later. 6/- per dozen. Seed 1/- per dozen, 7/- per 100.

H. Katharinae—Very beautiful species, 1/6 each. Excellent for pot culture. Seed 1/6 per dozen, 10/- per 100.

H. Natalensis—Spring flowering. Good heads of brilliant red flowers on 15 in. stem. 1/6 each. Seed 1/6 per dozen.

HYPOXIS.

**Hypoxis stellata*—Large golden-yellow stars on 6 in. stems. Bulbs 7/6 per dozen.

**H. stella var. elegans*—Large star-shaped white flowers with conspicuous peacock eye. Flower very early spring. 5/- per dozen.

HOMERIA.

Flowers resemble *Morea*, but plant has a different habit. Flowers fleeting, but opening in succession so that they have a good flowering period.

**Homeria ochroleuca*—Flowers early spring, good yellow flowers with orange centres. Very showy.

IXIA.

I. viridiflora (variety)—Flowers blue on outside of segments and pink on opening. Very attractive. 4/- per dozen.

I. scariosa—Very early flowering. White, blossoms large. Good for pots.

**I. Rouxii*—Tall. Large white or pale blue flowers with very conspicuous black velvet centre.

**I. monadelpha*—Blooms midsummer. Flowers large, beautiful China blue with soft brown centre. One of the best.

KNIPHOFIA (TRITOMA).

- ***Kniphofia aloides**—Flowers spring and again in autumn. 5 ft. stems. Flowers red and yellow. 3/6 per dozen.
- ***K. near K. MacOwanii**—Blossoms midsummer. 2-3 ft. Fiery orange and red. Free-flowering.
- K. uvaria**—Good tall, showy species. Blossoms nearly all the year.
- ***K. Tuckii**—Heavy spikes of soft pink and yellow blossoms. Very distinct. 3 ft.
- K. Zululandii**—6 ft. spikes of flaming flowers. Showiest of all. Flowers late summer.

LACHENALIA.

- Lachenalia aurea**—Flowers deep orange on good long stems. Flowers early.
 - ***L. rubida**—Flowers very brilliant pink. Flowers very early.
 - L. pustulata**—Flowers yellowish, slightly scented. 4/- per dozen.
 - L. orchioides**—Flowers greenish, shading to mauve. 4/- per dozen.
 - L. unifolia**—Very pretty. Flowers sky blue, shading to pink.
 - ***L. purpureo-coerulea**—Good lavender blue flowers, very showy later.
 - ***L. pendula**—Very large red flowers tipped green. Stems 1 ft. Blossoms winter. 7/6 per dozen.
 - L. unicolor**—Flowers pale blue or white.
 - ***L. glaucina**—The best of the blue Lachenalias. Glaucous grey foliage, spotted stems and leaves and electric blue flowers. 7/6 per dozen. Seed only; bulbs sold out.
 - L. mutabilis**—Brilliant spikes of yellow flowers with the infertile flowers at the tips bright blue. Very striking.
 - L. tricolor**—Hanging bells of yellow, red and green. Early.
- In South Africa Lachenalias should be grown in pots or bowls of fibre for flowering indoors in winter. They are most decorative.

LAPEYROUSIA.

- ***Lapeyrousia grandiflora**—Large freesia-like flowers in carmine red. Seed only.
- ***L. corymbosa**—Good heads of brilliant blue flowers, excellent for rock garden or pots. 5/- per dozen.
- L. Jacquinii**—Small flowers, brilliant purple.
- L. aculeata**—Large pink and cream blossoms. 7/6 per dozen.

Morea.

Among the Moreas are found some of our most beautiful spring flowers, resembling miniature Irises. Specially recommended are the *M. villosa* hybrids.

- Morea iridioides**—A robust plant flowering all the year, stems 4 to 5 ft. Blossoms white, large, with gold club-shaped markings on falls.
- M. spathacea**—Large yellow blossoms with brown marks on falls, leaves 4 to 5 ft. long. Seed pods attractive for decoration.
- M. bicolor**—Charming species, blossoms deep cream with brown marks on falls, outlined in orange shading into orange dots.
- M. tristis**—Stems about 6 ft. Flowers buff or greyish brown. 4/- per dozen.
- ***M. tripetala**—Dainty pale blue flowers, very early spring. Stems 1 ft. 4/- per dozen.
- ***M. villosa hybrids**—Height 1 to 1½ ft. Flowers in varying shades of mauve, bronze, yellow and white, all with definite peacock eye. 7/6 per dozen.
- M. isopteala**—Plant covered with deep blue flowers. Afternoon flowering. Excellent for rock-gardens. 4/- per dozen.
- M. ramosissima**—Plant 2 to 3 ft. Covered at midsummer with brilliant yellow bloom. Continues in bloom until late autumn. Very hardy and prolific.
- ***M. vespertina**—Opens after 4 p.m. Profuse bloomers. Flowers a lovely lavender blue. Most attractive in the garden. Flowers summer.
- ***M. edulis**—Large flowers in shades of yellow and blue. Very free flowering. 6/- per dozen.
- ***M. edulis var.**—Flowers a few weeks later. Taller. Flowers pure white. 6/- per dozen.
- ***M. apetala**—Very delicate large yellow blossoms.
- ***M. plumaria**—Dwarf or prostrate with good deep blue flowers.
- ***M. papilionacea**—A miniature iris with 3 in. stems and brilliant flowers in apricot, cream and pink. Very attractive but scarce at present. 7/6 per dozen.
- ***M. tricuspis**—Small white blossoms on good stems.

ORNITHOGALUM.

- Ornithogalum Arabicum**—Very large species. White glove-shaped flowers with shining black centres.
- O. thyrsoides**—The Cape Chinchinchee. Height 2 to 3 ft. White starlike flowers with brown centres. 3/6 per dozen, 21/- per 100.
- O. lacteum**—Flowers smaller than the last, pure white on delicate stems.
- ***O. splendens**—Magnificent species. Large orange-red blooms on 2 ft. stems. Very scarce. 10/- per dozen.
- ***O. aureum**—Orange or yellow flowers resembling *O. thyrsoides*. Height 1 ft.
- ***O. Saundersae**—A giant white flowered species, 4 to 5 ft., blooming late in summer. Requires very dry conditions. 6/- per dozen.
- ***O. speciosum**—Resembles *O. splendens*, but the large orange-red blossoms have a dark spot on each of three outer segments. 7/6 per dozen.
- O. Hermannii**—Good new species. White blooms. Very free flowering. 3/6 per dozen.
- O. maculatum**—Deep yellow with spot on outer segments of flowers. Shorter than *O. aurum*.

SPARAXIS.

- S. grandiflora**: **Purple**—The most beautiful Sparaxis. Large, flowers a deep velvety purple. 4/- per dozen.
- S. bulbifera**—Very distinct and attractive species. Flowers a good clear yellow. 4/- per dozen.
- ***S. Bloem Erf hybrids**—Very tall and large flowered, in shades of crimson, deep amethyst, yellow, orange or copper.
- Seeds of any of these species sown in autumn and kept growing will bloom the following spring.
- ***S. speciosa hybrids**—Taller. Flowers mostly in shades of deep pink. Flowers later than the rest.

STREPTANTHERA.

- Streptanthera cuprea**—Very striking species, resembles Sparaxis. Flowers tangerine with petunia coloured centre outlined by a circle in black.
- S. elegans hybrids**—One of the best new things of the season. The large white flowers with conspicuously coloured centres belong to the species and this is crossed with *S. cuprea*. The result is the large blooms of *S. elegans* in shades of soft salmon to brilliant white with the characteristic centre markings.
- S. non-picta**—Flowers the most brilliant orange imaginable without any pattern in the centre.

TRITONIA.

- ***Tritonia hyalina**—Flowers deep salmon or orange on dark stems. Price 3/6 per dozen, 25/- per 100.
- T. lineata**—Taller than the others. Flowers cream with darker veins. Price 2/6 per dozen, 10/- per 100.
- ***T. scillaris**—Very attractive, early flowering. 6 inch spikes of tiny deep pink flowers. Charming for the rock garden or pots in greenhouse.
- T. crispa**—Quite distinct from the other Tritonias on my list. Very sturdy, blooms large cream or pale pink with maroon markings, like the "Painted Lady" *Gladiolus*.
- ***T. crocata**—Resembles *T. hyalina*, but without the transparent centre to the flower. A brilliant orange strain.
- ***T. undulata**—Resembles *T. scillaris* but leaves most tightly crisped.

WATSONIAS.

Watsonias may be divided roughly into two classes, those that bloom in spring or early summer, becoming dormant in the hot weather, and those which flower from midsummer onwards and are evergreen. The first class likes a hot, dry situation in well-drained soil, while the second likes plenty of moisture the year round. The first seven on this list come under the first heading. For massed planting get prices per 100.

Watsonia meriana (variety)—Colour good rose pink. A more compact habit of blooming than the type and more showy. A very desirable species, good for cut flowers. 3/6 per dozen.

- W. angusta**—Height 5 ft., flowers scarlet, resembling the improved *Montbretias*.
- W. aletroides**—Height 1½ to 2 ft. A very attractive plant. Spike of flowers resembles that of a large *Lachenalia*. Flowers brick red and pendulous.

- W. rosea alba**—Very pretty pink and white flowers with long, twisty segments. Height 1 to 1½ ft.
- W. Versfeldii (variety alba)**—Resembles the well-known *W. Ardenii*, but the flowers are rounder and somewhat larger. Stems 5 ft. A profuse bloomer. 4/- per dozen.
- W. Versfeldii (pink)**—Very large blooms. A lovely shade of pink. Scarce. 6/6 per dozen.
- W. rosea**—The common pink *Watsonia* of the mountain slopes. Very robust. Good for mass planting. 3/- per dozen.
- W. Beatricis**—An excellent late-flowering *Watsonia*. Strong, 5 ft. stems of large flowers. Every shade of salmon, orange, terra-cotta and flame.
- *W. Stanfordiae**—One of the most beautiful. Height 4 to 5 ft., flowers very large on thin stems. Colour from deep crimson to maroon. Very distinct species. 7/6 per dozen.
- W. Pillansii**—Flowers large and clear orange. Foliage yellow-green. Height 3 to 4 ft. Blooms winter. Splendid for cutting.
- *W. Galpini**—A most attractive species, growing in or near water. Long, delicate sprays of cerise or carmine flowers. Flowers autumn. 7/6 per dozen.
- W. densiflora**—A very distinct and attractive species. Crowded with blooms with shining brown bracts. Scented. These require water in summer only; may be taken up and kept in sand in winter.
- W. tabularis (hybrids)**—Showiest of all. Flower midsummer, stems 5 ft. Large flowers in the most glorious range of colour. 6/- per dozen.

New *Watsonia* species, at present not named :

1. Flowers orange. Large regular blooms on delicate stems, grey-green foliage. Height 2 ft.
2. Taller, flowers deeper orange. Most robust foliage, dark flower stems.
3. Good heads of orange scarlet flowers. Obtained an A.M. at R.H.S. Show, London, and was named "Stanford's Scarlet."
4. Good salmon pink flowers.

Miscellaneous Bulbs.

- Amarallis Belladonna**—Large heads of lily-like flowers, pale pink or white. Flowers late summer, leaves appear later. 2/6 per dozen.
- Anoiganthus sp.**—Resembles a brilliant yellow *Cyrtanthus*. Stem 1 ft. 6/- per dozen.
- Albca minor**—Summer flowering "Snowdrop." 3/6 per dozen.
- *Bulbinella robusta**—Good spikes of yellow flowers, very early spring. Good for cutting. Seed only.
- Buphane ciliata**—Attractive as pot plants. Dark green leaves thickly fringed with brown hairs.
- Cyanella lutea**—Bright yellow flowers on delicate stems. Attractive and free-flowering in summer. 6/- per dozen.
- Dierama pendulum**—5 ft. sprays of delicate lavender or pink pendulous flowers. 4/- per dozen.
- *D. medium**—A dwarf edition of *D. pendulum*. Stems 2½ ft. Very attractive. 5/- per dozen.
- Dipidax triquetra**—Bog plant. Sprays of pink blooms on reed-like stems. Excellent for cut flowers. Seed only. Scarce.
- *Ferraria undulata**—Cream flower with bright brown waved segments. Maroon spots.
- *Hesperantha Buhrii**—Dainty flowers, pink outside white in; opening 4 p.m.
- *H. Metelerkampiae**—Larger yellow flowers with dark spot on 3 segments. 6/- per dozen.
- Montbretia crocosmiflora**—Good orange and red species. 3/6 per dozen.
- Nerine filifolia**—A most profuse bloomer in autumn. Flowers deep pink with narrow crinkled segments. Excellent for cutting. 4/- per dozen, 25/- per 100.
- N. sarniensis**—The well-known "Guernsey Lily" of the Cape. Glorious head of blood-red blooms sprinkled with gold dust. 9/- per dozen.
- N. lucida**—Very large blooms resembling *Brunsvigia*. 1/- each.
- Pancratium trianthum**—Delightful small "Spider Lily." 1/- each.

- Romulea sabulosa**—Very early. Large cherry-red blooms with dark veins, wonderful satiny sheen, 4 in. stem. Ideal for pots or rock garden. 7/6 per dozen.
- Romulea ochroleuca**—Blooms midsummer, very attractive with quantities of ivory flowers with satiny sheen in tufts of dark green grass-like foliage. 4/- per dozen.
- Scilla Natalensis**.—3 ft. stems of pale blue flowers. 7/6 per dozen.
- Schizostylis coccinea**—A very large flowered strain. Brilliant carmine flowers. 6/6 per dozen.
- Synotis bicolor**—Resembles a small gladiolus. Flower cream, marked violet. Very charming. Flowers very early in spring—splendid for pot culture. 4/- per dozen.
- ***S. Meterlerkampiae**—Flowers much larger, deep violet. Very uncommon and charming plant. 6/- per dozen.
- Strelitzia reginae**—The handsome Crane flower. Seed only, 1/6 per dozen.
- S. augusta**—Also very handsome and rare. Seeds 1/6 per dozen.
- ***Tulbaghia violacea**—Heads of flowers of a delightful lavender colour. Unfortunately flowers have a true Allium scent.
- ***T. fragrans**—Flowers same colour, larger heads and deliciously fragrant. Excellent for cutting. 6/- per dozen.
- ***Vallota purpurea** or George Lily. Known in England as Scarborough Lily. Large bright scarlet flowers. Price 6/- per dozen, £2 per 100.
- ***Veltheimia viridifolia**—Somewhat larger than *V. glauca*, leaves brilliant green. Flowers early spring. An excellent pot plant. 1/6 each.
- V. glauca**—Flowers winter. Foliage very decorative. Seed only, 2/- per dozen.
- Wachendorfia sp.**—6 ft. stems of brilliant yellow flowers. Very strong grower. Waterside plant.

Ground Orchids.

Those listed are not difficult to grow, they all require sandy soil and not too dry conditions. They are all very interesting and attractive.

Tubers sent January to March.

- Satyrion carneum**—A very beautiful orchid. Spikes 2-3 ft. Deep pink. 7/6 per dozen.
- S. corriiflorum**—Flowers orange and lemon. Very handsome. 7/6 per dozen.

Exotic Bulbs.

- Scilla Peruviana**—1½ ft. spikes crowded with deep blue flowers. Early spring. 6/- per dozen.
- Ismene calathina**—"Peruvian Daffodil." Flowers white in heads; rather resembles a lily than a daffodil. Blooms midsummer. 4/- per dozen.
- Zephyranthes candida**—Resembles a white crocus. Flowers from midsummer onwards. Excellent for edging beds. 3/- per dozen, 15/- per 100.
- Muscari** or Grape Hyacinth. 2/- per dozen.
- Lilium longiflorum**—St. Joseph's Lily. 6/- per dozen.

Composites.

(Seed in 1/6 packets.)

South Africa is renowned for its wealth of brilliantly coloured daisy flowers. These are mostly very easy to grow and keep the garden gay in the hottest and driest summer.

Perennials are marked *. All these may be treated as annuals where winters are severe.

ARCTOTIS.

For customers in South Africa plants are always available. Seedlings 2/6 per dozen. Plants of the big-growing kinds 6d. each.

- ***Arctotis aspera**—Perennial, making clumps 4 ft. through very dark green leaves and yellow flowers in great profusion.
- ***A. aspera hybrids**—Flowers in a good range of colours. Mostly bronze or copper shades.
- ***A. aspera hybrid cream**—Very large bloom in deep cream, foliage silvery grey, very attractive plants, blooms over a long period.

FOR SOUTH AFRICAN CUSTOMERS PLANTS OF COMPOSITES, PELARGONIUMS, MESEMBRIANTHEMUMS, ETC., CAN ALWAYS BE SUPPLIED.

- ***A. stochadifolia**—Habit of *A. revoluta*, foliage grey, covering several square feet of ground. Flowers large, soft crimson with a white ring round the disc.
- ***A. stochadifolia var.**—The very best *Arctotis*. Large blooms, very dark red shining black centres. Seed very scarce. Plants 1/6 each.
- A. grandis**—Annual with silver-blue or white flowers, grey foliage. Height 2 feet.
- ***A. speciosa hybrids**—Very large flower on stems 1 ft. or more. Crimson, orange, deep red, cinnamon or yellow. Blooms 4 in. across. Perennial, but where winters are severe may be treated as half hardy annual. A splendid species, will stand frost.
- ***A. hybrid**—Semi prostrate. Very large blooms in varying shades of brown and terra-cotta.
- ***A. revoluta**—Prostrate, grey foliage. Flower golden yellow, red on reverse of ray florets. Flowers stand up well on good stems. Excellent for cutting.
- ***A. revoluta var.**—Larger flowers, paler yellow with red on reverse of ray florets, grey foliage. Very striking.
- A. auriculata**—Good deep orange flowers on long stems. Attractive grey foliage.
- A. auriculata hybrid**—A grand introduction, flowers very large on same long stems, red on reverse of segments. Splendid for cutting.
- ***A. undulata**—Good ivory-white blooms with dark ring, blooms all summer.

ASTER.

- A. fruticosus**—Of the dwarf "Michaelmas Daisy" type that flowers spring. Compact 26 or 24 in. bushes covered with dainty blue-mauve flowers. Likes hot, dry situation.
- A. amellus**—Very charming summer-flowering annual, ray florets very long and blue. 1 ft.

DIMORPHOTECA.

- D. nudicaulis**—Annual, 1 ft. Large gleaming white blooms with petunia ring round centre.
- D. Chrysanthemifolia**—Perennial. Bush 2 to 4 ft. covered with good golden yellow blooms.
- ***D. chrysanthemifolia variety**—Probably a hybrid. Perennial. Large primrose-yellow blooms slightly deeper shade on the reverse. Mauve centres. Long blooming period. Plants only.
- ***D. Ecklonis**—Sturdy bush covered with large white blooms, blue on the reverse, blue disc.
- D. aurantiaca var.**—A very charming variety of this well-known annual. Flowers a delightful apricot shade.
- ***D. spectabilis**—Another very fine introduction. Flowers deep pink with shining black centres on long thin stems. Good for cutting. Hot, dry situation.
- ***D. jucunda**—Same deep pink as *D. spectabilis* but with yellow centres to flowers. Plant more compact, leaves aromatic.

FELICIA.

- ***Felicia Aethiopica**—A compact 3 ft. bush covered with sky blue flowers with yellow centres. Flowers winter.
- ***F. rotundifolia**—Tiny sky blue daisy with yellow centre.
- F. Bergeriana**—The famous "Kingfisher Daisy." An easily grown annual.
- F. affinis**—Slightly smaller and more lavender blue.
- ***F. elongata**—Large flowers, a beautiful shade of blue. Sometimes white with a conspicuous crimson ring. Height 9 in.

GAZANIA.

Plants 2/6 per dozen. Special price per 100 or per 1,000.

- ***Gazania pavonia**—Compact plant. Very large brilliant orange flowers with ring of dark brown in which are attractive patterns in blue.
- G. pavonia var.**—Brilliant orange with mahogany stripe down each of ray florets. Most conspicuous. Seed scarce.
- G. pavonia var. 2**—Very large blooms in wonderful dark shades.
- ***G. Pottsii**—Very large blooms in varying shades of yellow and orange. Stems over 1 ft.
- ***G. longiscapa**—Very large blooms on 2 ft. stems. Yellow shading to orange with dark ring.

- **G. pinnata* var.—The most brilliant of all. Flowers a dazzling red.
- **G. pygmae*—Very dark foliage with grey reverse. Showy white flowers with gold centres. Seed scarce.

GERBERA.

- **Gerbera Jamesonii*—The well-known Barberton Daisy. Large blooms on 2 ft. stems, brilliant scarlet. Perennial. Seed 50 for 1/6. Plants 5/- per dozen.
- **G. Jamesonii hybrids*—Splendid strain of these wonderful flowers in shades of lemon, orange, salmon, flame, etc. Seed 50 for 2/-.
- **G. Burmanni*—Handsome shiny leaves. Flowers on long stems, attractive old-rose shade. Seed scarce.
- **G. discolor*—Large woolly leaves. Flowers deep pink outside and yellow in; dark centres. Seed scarce.

Composites various.

- Charlieis heterophylla*—The best of the blue daisies. Deep blue with blue centre. Annual. 9 inches.
- **Helichrysum argenteum*—Very attractive plant for dry walls or rock garden. Makes mats of shining silver foliage at end of summer. Covered with tiny golden blossoms.
- **H. retortum*—Small creeping plant, grey foliage, large white flowers with yellow centres.
- Helipterum virgatum*—Dainty yellow "Everlasting" on long stems.
- Senecio glastifolius*—Makes solid bushes covered with Gneraria-like flowers. Excellent for cutting.
- Ursinia anethoides*—The easiest annual of all and one of the showiest. Thin stems, brilliant orange flowers with deep brown ring.

Perennials other than Composites.

(Seeds 2/- per packet.)

- Ceratotheca triloba*—Annual which may become perennial. 5 ft. Leaves and growth of a giant mallow with flowers of a large penstemon or of foxglove, violet in colour. Much branched and free flowering. An excellent introduction for the herbaceous border.
- Sutera grandiflora*—4 to 5 ft. Much branched and covered with heads of lavender flowers resembling plumbago. Very hardy when once started and a perennial bloomer. Hot, dry situation.
- Roella ciliata*—Plants make compact clumps about 9 inches high, wiry, close foliage, resembling a heath. Flowers large light-cobalt blue with dark blue centres. Ideal rock garden plant, charming in a pan in the cool greenhouse.
- Barleria*—Plant 3 to 4 ft., bushy. Covered in winter with violet-blue flowers.
- Lebeckia simsiana*—Handsome spikes of yellow pea-flowers, 2 to 3 ft. Very fine grey foliage, very showy and attractive. Likes dry situation. Good for cutting. Seedlings 4/- per dozen.
- Salvia Africana*—Bush 1 to 2 ft. Compact, free flowering, large Cambridge blue flowers. Leaves deliciously lemon scented.
- Selago spuria*—Height 1 to 1½ ft. Dense heads of lavender coloured flowers. Good for cutting. Flower summer.
- Podalyria argentea*—9 in. to 1 ft. Shining silver leaves, pink sweetpea blooms, very sweet scented.
- P. sericea*—Delightful sprays of tiny pink pea-flowers among shining silver leaves, followed by very decorative silver pods.
- Polygala virgata*—4 to 5 ft. Almost shrubby. Long sprays of purple flowers, very decorative. Excellent for herbaceous borders. Flowers summer.
- P. speciosa*—Somewhat taller but not so spreading. Flowers winter.

PELARGONIUMS AND RELATIVES.

- Pelargonium fulgidum*—Mountain species showing itself very adaptable to garden conditions.
- P. zonale*—Near the garden type of zonal pelargonium. Large brilliant salmon blooms. Very showy. 4 ft. plant. Blooms all year.

- P. echinatum**—Very dark leaves spreading or hanging trusses of white flowers with deep maroon markings. Excellent for walls or rockwork.
- P. Burtonae**—Very distinct plant with yellow-green leaves and scarlet flowers.
- P. salmoneum**—Very free-flowering and showy flower. Lovely shade of salmon.
- P. inquinens**—The old "Scarlet Geranium." Very hardy and prolific.
- P. vitifolium**—Handsome plant covered with soft pink blooms. Handsome foliage. Height 3 to 4 ft.
- P. capitatum**—Plant spreading or prostrate. Leaves fragrant, flowers soft pink.
- P. angulosum**—Masses of flowers on bold and handsome plants. Splendid colour ranges in the flowers. Height 4 ft.
- P. rapaceum**—Small plant for hot, dry situation. Erodium-like leaves and yellow flowers, forming a tuber.
- P. pinnatum**—One of the loveliest of rock-garden plants. Delicate foliage, quantities of rose-pink blooms. Forms a tuber. Height 6 inches.
- P. reniforme**—Similar to *P. schinatum* but it keeps its leaves all the year. Foliage greyish, flowers brilliant purple. Height 6 to 9 inches.

Trees Shrubs, and Climbers.

Packets 1/- each, containing not less than one dozen seeds. Prices for seedlings or young bushes on application.

I am now able to offer seeds of the beautiful *Serruria florida* or Blushing Bride. These Seeds have never been in commerce before. The bush is exceedingly rare. Very few people know where it grows. Botanists described it long ago and then the plant was lost for about 80 years until it was discovered on a particular mountain slope on the Fransch Hoek Mountains of the Cape.

Seeds germinate well. Plants do not appear to be difficult; they like protection from strong winds. Seeds 4d. each. Plants in separate tins 2/6 each.

Adenandra uniflora—Compact shrubby plant. 9 inches covered with large blooms, pink in bud, white on opening.

A. fragrans—Shrub about 3 ft. and spreading. Covered with deep pink blooms for 6 to 9 months. Leaves very fragrant.

These two species are very valuable additions to the collection of perennials.

Bolusanthus speciosus—Requires very hot and dry conditions. Sprays of lavender-blue flowers. Tree resembles a standard wistaria.

Clematopsis species—A standard Clematis with quantities of pink flowers. Exposed and dry situation.

Aitonia capensis—The beautiful "Klapperbos" which lights up the Karoo with its cerise lanterns on bushes, usually not more than 10 ft. Full sunshine, dry situation.

Greyia Sutherlandia—Compact bush, about 6 ft. Large dark green leaves and sprays of scarlet bottle-brush flowers.

Jasminum tortuosum—White Jessamine of the Cape. Very sweet scented.

Bauhinia Galpini—Plants and seeds. One of the most beautiful of South African flowering shrubs. At midsummer covered with large blooms resembling nasturtiums in tomato red.

I have also two good species which are not natives:—

B. purpurea—A tall shrub with brilliant purple orchid-like flowers.

B. grandiflora—Tree with large conspicuous white flowers.

Some of the showiest members of the Protea family are

Leucospermum conocarpum—Fine compact bush or tree with large yellow blooms of the "pincushion" type.

L. reflexum—The loveliest of the family. Foliage soft grey and every twig crowned with blooms of brilliant scarlet, afterwards reflexed with showy stamens. At present both seed and plants are scarce. Seeds 3d. each.

L. grandiflorum—Flowers very showy in yellow and red. Good compact 4 ft. bush.

PROTEA cyanaroides—The King Protea. Blooms up to 1 ft. across; a glorious shell pink with lemon centres.

P. barbigera—Big pink or white blooms with dark fur on tips.

P. pulcherrima—Small bush with dainty pale pink flowers.

P. neriifolia—Very hardy, pink flowers.

P. compacta—Good pink blooms on long stems in winter.

- Odalryia calyptрата**—Bush or small tree up to 12 ft. Shining silver leaves and lavender or deep pink sweet pea flowers, sweetly scented. Likes plenty of moisture.
- Psoralea pinnata**—Elegant bush for streamside, resembles a blue-flowered Broom. Good sprays of blue flowers.
- Erythrina acanthocarpa**—Most brilliant of Kaffirbooms. About 4 ft. bush.
- Tephrosia species**—Very good purple flowered leguminous shrub; delicate foliage. 5 ft.
- T. grandiflora**—Not so tall and more compact. Covered with deep purple blooms.
- | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Erythrina caffra. | Protea Susannae. |
| Leonotus Leonurus. | grandiflora. |
| Leucadendron argenteum. | Putterlickia pyracantha. |
| Abutilon sonneratianum. | Pycnostachys urticifolia. |
| Hibiscus penduncularis. | Sutherlandia frutescens. |
| Plumbago capensis. | Virgilia capensis. |
| Protea mellifera. | Thunbergia alata. |
| mellifera var. alba. | |

Shrubby, spreading or creeping Mesembrianthemums.

Showiest of plants for South African gardens. Grand for a spring display where summers are hot and dry; the foliage is attractive all the year. Plants always available, usually 6d. each or 45/- per 100. Seeds 1/6 per packet.

Drosanthemum speciosum—1 to 2 ft. bush, spreading; covered with flame-red flowers.

- Lampranthus roseus**—Bush, 1½ ft., spreading. Flowers a soft silvery pink.
- L. caulescens**—Very compact, foliage grey. Flowers rosy-lilac, scented.
- L. spectabilis**—Very fine leaves, plant prostrate and spreading. Flowers brilliant flaming crimson.
- L. coccineus**—Fine dark leaves, flowers very dark red.
- L. aureus**—Bush, 1 ft. Flowers brilliant orange.
- L. glaucus**—Grey foliage, very large yellow flowers.
- L. vernalis**—Grey foliage, rosy-mauve flowers.
- L. amoenus**—Bush, 2 ft. Purple or lilac blooms.
- L. Pittenii**—Bush, 1 to 2 ft. Blooms end of winter. Very large flowers. either white with large yellow centre or brilliant carmine.
- Semnanthes lacerum**—Pretty grey foliage, leaves finely toothed. Flowers magenta-purple.
- Hymenocyclus purpureo-croceus**—Creeping and spreading, greyish foliage. Flowers copper coloured, changing to carmine or purple. Flowers later than most.

Prostrate or creeping kinds.

- Carprobrotus circinaciformis**—Leaves large, very big blooms, either brilliant deep pink or shining white.
- Cephalophyllum anemoniflorum**—Makes long trails covered with large soft salmon flowers, sometimes white.
- C. procumbens**—Same with yellow flowers.
- C. Pillansii**—Same but yellow flowers have a large strawberry coloured centre.
- C. Maritimum**—Flowers a subdued pale claret colour.
- Dorotheanus criniflorus** (Bokbaai vygie)—Charming annual in a fine range of colours, 4 inches.